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Mathematics 5B Spring 2011: Lecture Quiz 4
May 5, 2011
Professor J. Douglas Moore

Multiple Choice. Circle the best answer to each of the following questions. Each question is worth 2 points.

1. Suppose that a planet is moving around the sun with a Newtonian gravitational potential

$$\phi(x, y, z) = \frac{-GMm}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}},$$

where M is the mass of the sun, m is the mass of the planet and $G > 0$ is the Newtonian gravitational constant. The work performed on the planet by the gravitational field when the planet moves along a parametrization γ of a directed curve C is

$$(\text{work}) = \int_C \nabla\phi \cdot T ds = \int_C \nabla\phi \cdot dx = \int_C d\phi$$

If C is the directed line from $(3, 4, 0)$ to $(1, 0, 0)$, this work is

- a. $-4GMm$ b. $-(4/5)GMm$ **c. $(4/5)GMm$** d. $4GMm$ e. None of these

2. If

$$D = \{(x, y) : 0 \leq y \leq 1 - x^2\}, \quad \int_{-1}^1 \left[\int_0^{1-x^2} dy \right] dx$$

then the area of D

- a. $2/3$ **b. $4/3$** c. $8/3$ d. $16/3$ e. None of these

$$= \int_{-1}^1 (1 - x^2) dx = \left[x - \frac{1}{3}x^3 \right]_{-1}^1 = \frac{4}{3}$$

3. If

$$D = \{(x, y) : x \geq 0, y \geq 0, x + y \leq 1\}, \quad \text{then} \quad \int \int_D y dx dy = \int_0^1 \left[\int_0^{1-x} y dy \right] dx$$

- a. $-1/6$ **b. $1/6$** c. $1/3$ d. $1/2$ e. None of these

$$= \int_0^1 \frac{1}{2} (1-x)^2 dx = \left[-\frac{1}{6} (1-x)^3 \right]_0^1 = \frac{1}{6}$$